

Alexandria DAILY Gazette,

Commercial & Political.

VOL X.]

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1810.

2712.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,

WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day—All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Wanted to Hire for the ensuing Year,

A NEGRO MAN, who can work in the house, and take care of horses. Apply to the Painter.

November 14.

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs, Muscatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.

ALSO, 36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patten.

April 19.

Charles Slade & Thos. Grimshaw,

HAVING entered into partnership in the ROPE MAKING BUSINESS, offer for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf, a general assortment of CORDAGE and SHIP CHANDLERY, at which place, or at their rope-walk, they will receive orders for any description of Cordage warranted to be made out of the best materials and manufactured in such a manner as will bear the inspection of the best judges.

For N. B. A liberal price will be always given HEMP of the best quality.

November 24.

Just Published,

[Price 12 and a half Cents.]

For sale, at R. GRAY'S Bookstore, King-street.

A Discourse on the Resurrection of the Body:

By the Rev. Samuel Stanhope Smith, President of Princeton College.

November 10.

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by GOTTOM & STEWART,

Price 1st Dollar,

GLENCAIRN;

OR

THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH, A NOVEL.

BY GEORGE WATTERTON, Esq.

OF WASHINGTON CITY,

Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCAIRN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb 6.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town Ferry, and about the same from the Potowmack bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, altho' nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. Jon Dulin, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.

June 2.

FOR FREIGHT,

The staunch fast sailing

Seagoing

General Johnston,

Burthen about one hundred tons, Stephen L. Davis, master.—Apply to

John G. Ladd.

January 4.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The BRIG

PRESAGE,

Well found and nearly new, burthen 1500 barrels, laying at McClellan's wharf. For terms apply to

Tenny & Ober, or

Daniel McGlean.

Landing from the above vessel, and for sale, 13 hds. COFFEE,

40 bags COCOA, and

3 puncheons RUM.

Tenny & Ober.

January 12.

For Freight or Charter,

The Barque

George William,

Burthen 150 tons.

STEPHEN HOPKINS, Master.

Apply to

John G. Ladd,

Who has for sale, now landing from said barque,

118 quarter casks first quality Sherry Wine

40 chests Young Hyson, Hyson and Imperial Teas, of the latest importation.

The above entitled to debenture.

Dec. 30.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has

Commenced the Grocery Business,

At his Store on King near Washington street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line.

Warren genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,

Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 2.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 50 of which are in wood. Neat land is better adapted to the use of Peat or Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foot, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.

September 14.

BUTTER,

4000 lbs. fresh Butter, in good ship

ping order.

50 boxes Dixon's fresh Mustard.

40 bags Leiper's & Garret's Snuff,

Just received by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax-streets.

With a general assortment of Groceries as usual.

November 28.

NOTICE.

LAST NIGHT between the hours of seven and eight o'clock, was stolen from the house formerly occupied by Mr. Lawes, now occupied by Miss Helen Gullatt, two Bed-quilts, one of which being remarkable had a large size leaf with a dark ground diamond, being also of furniture quilts, and quilted by the leaf, also by the diamond—the other being a diamond and star, with a large star in the center, quilted chiefly in shells—also a blanket and linea sheet. Whoever will apprehend the thief, and deliver the things to this office, or to Miss Helen Gullatt, shall be generously rewarded. Should they be offered for sale, it is requested they may be stopped and information given as above mentioned.

February 2.

Printing in all its variety,
neatly executed at this office.

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust to him from Mr. William Hodges, dated on the 10th day of November, in the year 1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr. John Hopkins—will, on FRIDAY, the 28th instant next, at the hour of twelve o'clock in the day, if not, on the next fair day at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the court-house, in Alexandria, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money three thousand acres of LAND, situated on the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which land was, at the time of the grant for the sum of £1000, in the county of Monongalia, in the state of Virginia.

The above tract of land were granted by

the state of Virginia to John Wilson by three

several patents containing respectively one

thousand acres, and bearing date on the first

day of October, 1784, which land had been

since duly conveyed to the said William Hodges, by deed dated 21st of August, 1790.

STAVE YARD.

CASH will be given for any quantity of

white and red oak-hickory, ash and barrel Spars

and Heading, by

James Harper,

On wharf north of Hunter's ship yard.

Who expects a quantity of

Tar and Pitch, and intends keeping regu-

larly a supply of these articles.

February 2.

LANDING

From the No-Folk Fleet and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

35 bags Fresh MOLASSES,

100 boxes Fresh Muscatel RAISING.

January 8.

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust

from Samuel Bailey to us, for the purpose of

securing the payment of certain debts to William Wilson, surviving administrator of Bertrand Wilson, deceased, and to Benjamin Ross, we will offer at public sale, for sale on the 19th day of March next, at the front door of the court house, in Fairfax county, a TRACT OF LAND, in the number described in the deed as situated on Big Creek, adjoining the land then owned by his father William Bailey—supposed to contain four hundred acres.

Intending to remove to

the town of Alexandria I wish to sell a tract

of 2 acres of Colchester Spring Ground, with

15 acres thereto belonging. Any person in-

clined to purchase will meet with a reasonable

and may be supplied with a number of articles

suitable to tavern keeping.

A. LINDON,

January 23.

FRESH FRUIT.

THE subscriber has just received a num-

ber of fresh English Walnuts, Green and

Brown, Bloom, and Muscatel. Also a few

Oranges—Also, a few bunches of Raisins from the

back country.

Thomas Patten,

January 24.

Just Received.

AD FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATELL,

75 chests Imperial Hyson, 8

Hyson Tea,

3000 lbs prime Green Coffee,

20 pipes and 3 quarter casks Linen

and Tonbridge Wine,

8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar,

3000 lbs Scine Wine,

50 boxes Mould Candles,

50 do. Spanish Segars,

8 barrels Pimento.

October 15.

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust

ALBANY DAILY GAZETTE,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Albany.

Daily Gazette, 6 dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12.

Alexandria Price Current.
CORRECTED WEEKLY.
FOREIGN ARTICLES.

	per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Coffee, Duck, Russia	lb.	22	35	35	
Ravens	bolt.	35	40		
Fruit, Raisins	keg	9	10		
Tobacco, Spanish (flat.)	lb.	2	25	2	50
Molasses,	gal.	60	62		
Salt, cheese	bus.	60	75		
Liver		75	90		
Spices, Nutmegs	lb.	7	8		
Pepper		22	24		
Pimento		28	32		
Spirits Brandy (French) 4th	gal.	1	80		
Gin, Holland		1	50	1	75
Rum, Jamaica 4th		1	18	1	25
Antigua 3d				1	10
Windward 2d & 3d				95	1
Sugars, 1st quality	cwt.	12	13		
2d & 3d		9	12		
Toas, Imperial	lb.	1	60	1	75
Hyson		1	20		
Young Hyson		1	10		
Hyson Skin		75	85		
Wines, Madeira	gal.	2	2	50	
Port		1	60	1	75
Lisbon		1	25	1	30
Malaga		1	1	5	

DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

	per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Bacon	lb.	9	11		
Beef Meats	bbl.	15			
— Prime		12			
Bread, Crackers	{	100	6		
— Pilot	lb.	5	50		
— Slip		3	50		
Candles, Mould	lb.	18	20		
— Dipt		16	18		
Cheese		8	12		
Cotton, Upland		16	18		
Fish, Mackarel	bbl.	7	50	8	
— Shad		7	50	8	
Herrings		3	75		
Flour, superfine		6	92		
Grain, Wheat	bush.	1	20	1	30
— Corn		75	80		
Plaiceeed		90	100		
Glass, Window 8 by 10	box	13	15		
Gunpowder, Keg	25l.	14	16		
Trunks	cwt.	14	16		
Bron, Barr	ton	120	125		
Pork, Meats	bbl.	18			
— Prime		15			
Spirits, N. E. Rum	gal.	80	85		
— Whiskey		70	70		
Sugar, New-Orleans	{	100	12	15	
— Loaf	lbs.	20	21		
— Lump		19	20		
Tobacco, Maryland	cwt.	2	50	4	50
Potomac		3	14	30	

P. R. I C K O F S T O C K S.

Alexandria Bank,

Potomac do.

Marine Insurance

Washington Bridge

Little River Turnpike

Washington and Alexandria do.

Exchange on London,

New Tooth Extractor.

THE subscriber has effected an improvement in the instrument for extracting teeth, by which that operation is rendered considerably less painful, and more safe, than by the common method, and applies in all cases.

During some months use of this instrument, (the only one except Bratt's Patent, where that will apply) the jaw has in no instance been injured, nor the gum torn (or lacerated).

Persons who chuse it, attended at their homes as usual. Apply lower end of Prince-street to

Ch : Douglass.

Intending to apply for a patent, it cannot be soon for examination at present.

March 26.

no 3m

New Publications,
Just received and for sale by

James Kennedy, Senr.

Bookseller, King-street.

William Tell, or Switzerland Delivered, an historical novel, by the celebrated Florian. The Life of Petrarch, by Mrs. Dobson, 2 v. The Yankee in London, Bancheller's Researches into the laws of Chivalry.

The London Director, or system of dissections practised in the Hospitals and Lecture Rooms of the metropolis, explained by the clearest terms for students.

Feb. 3.

no 3m

I am, sir, very respectful,
Your obedient servant,
RETURN J. MEIGS.
Secretary of war.

From the National Intelligencer.

The Indians.—The following view of the condition of the Cherokee nation, cannot fail generally to interest our readers, or to afford peculiar gratification to the philanthropist. It confirms the most sanguine expectations that have been entertained of ameliorating the lot of the Aborigines of our country, and must operate as a sufficient motive to a strenuous perseverance in the enlightened policy that has hitherto characterized our conduct towards them.

Letter from Return J. Meigs, Esq. to the Secretary at War.

HIGHWASSE GARRISON, Dec. 1.

Sir,

I now transmit a general statistical table for the Cherokee nation. This was attempted in 1806, having at that time the consent of the late secretary at war; but the Cherokees having some unfounded jealousy, that there was something in the measure intended to take advantage of them, and expressing some reluctance to the measure, it was postponed until the last year. It has now been done with as much accuracy as possible, by the interpreter. If there is any error, it has probably arisen from a disposition in some to report a less number of persons, and of live stock than they actually have. The Cherokees on the Arkansas and White rivers, are not included in the table now transmitted: it is estimated that there is about 1000 including men women and children on the west side of the Mississippi; they have also many cattle and horses, some of them being very wealthy.

The table now forwarded does not exhibit all their wealth; they have no considerable quantity of cash in circulation, which they receive annually for the sale of cattle and swine. In 1808 they had not a single perch of waggon road in the whole country. In that year they consented at the request of the government to have a road opened for the communication between the state of Georgia and Tennessee. This road with its branches was opened by those states and is about 220 miles on which they have a turnpike by agreement with the government, for which they are bound to keep the road in good condition for carriages. Since finding the advantages arising from roads, they have at their own expence opened upwards of 300 miles of waggon road for communication between East and West Tennessee. These roads intersect the first mentioned great road at different points, except on one road 100 miles in length, opened by Double-head, at Franklin county, Tennessee, and run to the Muscle Shoals, and it is contemplated to be continued to the navigable waters of Mobile. But to effect this the interposition of the government will be necessary; because from the Shoals to the navigable waters of Mobile, the road must cross lands claimed by the Cherokees and the Chickasaws.

Thus far as exhibited by the statistical table have the Cherokees prospered by the pastoral life and by domestic manufactures; but it must be understood that a spirit of industry does by no means pervade the general population; the greatest number are extremely poor for want of industry. The hunting life is here at an end; but a predilection for the hunter's life pervades a great part of the Cherokees, and many are waiting to hear whether the government will give them the necessary aid and encouragement to migrate to the west side of the Mississippi. Notwithstanding this they have strong local attachment to the place of their birth, and to the sepulchres of their fathers. This being the case, to induce great numbers to migrate, they must be excited by advances of such kind as they need to establish themselves on the rivers mentioned; viz. arms, ammunition, baver traps, blankets, and some provisions of bread kind flour or corn, corn will suit them best. After the first year they will want nothing of the government, except a factory for Indian trade, and a promise of protection by the government. These things once attained, and their attachment and friendship is secured forever—they will be proud in being closely connected with the United States, by whom they have been raised in improvement far above the western Indians.

I am, sir, very respectful,
Your obedient servant,
RETURN J. MEIGS.
Secretary of war.

The document referred to in this letter purports to be "a general statistical table for the Cherokee nation, exhibiting a view of their population and of improvements in their useful arts, and of their property acquired under the fostering hand of government, which has principally been done since the year 1796."

It exhibits in detail the number of Cherokee males and females, of horses, black cattle, sheep, swine, spinning wheels, looms, wagons, ploughs, grist mills, saw mills, saltpetre works, powder mills, silversmiths, schools, white people, and negro slaves in each town, village and plantation, amounting to 133.

It is scarcely practicable in a newspaper to present in its details such a comprehensive table, and almost every useful purpose will be attained by the following condensed view of its contents.

Number of Cherokee males

president newspaper, and other depraved men, who have been in the service of the state by provision, and used to rule by former merit or popularity that has esteem, every thing that is regarded honorable; and by combining stable and honest with itself all that is depraved, and bankrupt in honor and credit, and private and public virtue. It is a sad event for the state, but how we are, read for yourselves and judge as you list.

On Saturday morning last, the following message was addressed to the house of representatives, or rather to the speaker for them. I pray you to read it with dispassionate and unbiased attention.

To James Engle, Esq. Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Sir,

Since printing the documents relative to the case of Gideon Olmstead, it has been discovered that there is an error in the date of one of the letters directed to General Bright, occasioned by a mistake in copying. The date in the printed letter is 29th March instead of the 30th April, as will appear from the original, which I herewith enclose for the satisfaction of the house, with a request that the clerk be directed, after he shall have made the necessary entry, to return the original letter.

Very respectfully, &c.

N. B. BOILEAU, Sec'y.

Upon the surface of this, though it is not entirely free from suspicion; yet if there were no fraud before, if the men concerned in this new act of imbecility, and iniquity, for I will prove both imbecility of mind, and the wickedness of purposed deceit in the act; if it came from men with pure hands and fair reputation; it would not have been necessary for them to have sent the original; for if they knew themselves worthy of confidence, they would not anticipate, they would disdain doubt; they knew themselves and sent a paper purporting to be original, and what does it prove? It proves an attempt to cover one fraud, which might have been imputed to the blundering ignorance and incapacity of the men; by another fraud more deliberate, by a fraud of a double degree of imposture, and this fraud detected by the very evidence of their own documents.

First. A letter is written from Boileau to Bright, dated 29th March.

Second. In that letter he says, a letter is expected from the President, no answer to it is due, written by the governor to him.

Third. It appears by the message of the 13th Dec. that no letter was written until the 7th of April, to the President; that is, ten days after the date of the letter saying it was written.

This falsification of themselves, was their own act; it was seen in their message; it was talked of in the legislature openly; but Conrad Weiser brought it before the public, it was not thought worthy of notice. Let us now see how it stands by this new message.

Fourth. Mr. Secretary now tells the legislature that the date of the 29th March was a mistake of the transcriber, that it should have been the 14th of April.

But the next point is the worst of all; for although Mr. Boileau tells us that the letter should be dated on the 14th, meaning that it was written on the 14th April, we have in the documents a fact more extraordinary than the answer expected from the president ten days before any letter was written to him, we have here an answer written by Gen. Bright, to a letter which was, if we could believe in conjuring [and every one believes that General Bright is no conjurer] written five days before the letter to which it was an answer.

Fifth. General Bright's 28th March or letter is dated on the 31st March, and so it is published in the governor's message of the 26th December.

Here is fraud of the lowest contemptible quality; there is a mortifying meanness in the manner, as well as a shocking demonstration of cool, callous depravity in the studied execution of the first and the second imposture. General Bright's is dated the 31st of March; he begins his answer in these words—"you're of the 29th came to hand." And as if this evidence were not sufficient, the circumstances enumerated in the letter which General Bright writes, fix the stamp of truth upon his letter, and of falsehood, purposed,arrant premeditated imposition, on the executive magistrate and his abandoned secretary.

General Bright says, "I have just learned that the guard is issuing summonses for raising money."

See General Bright's letter of the 13th April, he there says, "myself & the guard are arrested."

And was it after his being arrested that he was to be told, as in the letter of 29th of March, was he told on the 14th April that "the original orders you received are sufficient to justify you in taking any measures you may conceive necessary and expedient to protect the ladies from arrest."

The general was not only arrested himself and his army, but the ladies were themselves arrested on the 14th, and the general had in his letter of the 13th given the alarming information to his generalissimo, that "the ladies were determined to go to Lancaster," and no doubt it was implied that they meant to attack him, for the general very sagaciously tells him (no doubt because he did not know it) that their march to Lancaster "would be very disagreeable to him."

It is not easy to treat this subject, which is in itself most degrading to the state, with entire seriousness; if it did not contain the deadliest stab at popular representative government; it might furnish a theme for the most justifiable satire; as it is, the emotions which it excites are derision for the depravity of the executive, and commiseration for the state whose affairs are in their hands.

I shall in my next show more fraud in the same transaction.

CONRAD WEISER.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12.

Bacon's Bill.—This last animal of that non-descript species, called commercial restrictions, has not yet made its appearance in the Senate. It is now said that the poor thing will be stifled in that body, whenever it shall show its head. We are told that its friends and enemies in the Senate are exactly equal in number; but that the energy of its is such as to ensure its destruction. If this should actually be the case, I believe very few would mourn. This bill, indeed, appears to be harmless, but being the offspring of that system which has brought the nation to the brink of ruin, it is looked upon with a jealous eye. From this system we have received as yet, nothing but evil, and nothing but evil can be expected from it; the sooner, therefore, it is abandoned, the better.

THE SOURCE OF OUR DIFFICULTIES DEVELOPED.

"Let us no more be lured, through an administration of successful fraud and violence, to imitate the excesses of an irrational, unprincipled, proscribing, confiscating, plundering, ferocious, bloody and tyrannical democracy."

BURKE.

These self-styled republicans are the persons who opposed the execution of Jay's treaty, after it had received the sanction of Washington, and who loaded him with the bitterest revilings and vilest aspersions because he advocated it, and his prophetic mind then foresaw the difficulties which would accrue to his country from not having an established treaty and a friendly understanding with England. Yet these very men now profess to follow the steps, and revere the memory of him, who, all his life time, was opposed to their jacobin proceedings, and, on which account, met with their severest denunciations. These are the persons who are diametrically opposed to all the measures of his successor, be they what they would; who excommunicated him while president, for his standing armies, his sedition and alien laws, and for his enmity to France. But now they receive him into the bosom of their fraternity in full communion, and extol and practice in a far more despotic manner, the very measures which he adopted. We hope our fellow citizens are now convinced how futile were the hopes of *better times* which were predicted to them on the accession of Jefferson to the presidency. They must now recollect with what fallacious expectations they were lulled, what showers of prosperity they were promised by his fol-

lowers, for the mere purpose of obtaining their suffrages.

They indeed sowed in the full hope of an abundant harvest of all these blessings, and with full purpose of heart enlisted at once under the banners of delusion, and are now left to reap the bitter consequence of their misadvised rashness. Let any person who has been induced to fall in with these sentiments, candidly ask himself whether the expectation of *happy times*, with which he was promised, have been realized? Your consciences must decide in the negative.

You were to be favored with a redress of those grievances which the satellites of despotism first came into vogue, a New-Hampshire wag asserted that it was the result of the *extortion*—the ladies had been long striving to wear the breeches (inexpressibles we mean, *pretty prairies*) and our young men by way of giving a "Rowland for an Oliver," had mounted the petticoat upon their shoulders.

(*Tickler.*)

The *petticoat-great-coat* is quite the rage among our young bucks. When this article of dress first came into vogue, a New-Hampshire wag asserted that it was the result of the *extortion*—the ladies had been long striving to wear the breeches (inexpressibles we mean, *pretty prairies*) and our young men by way of giving a "Rowland for an Oliver," had mounted the petticoat upon their shoulders.

(*Tickler.*)

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, February 9.

[CONCLUDED.]

[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

The committee of the whole reported the bill for the relief of Richard Taylor, after considerable discussion, on motion of Mr. Goldsborough, the bill was laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Poindexter the house went into committee of the whole on the bill relating to grants of lands made in the Mississippi territory, by the British government of West Florida, Mr. Milnor in the chair. The committee went thro' the bill and reported it to the house. It was taken up, and after a long debate, was laid on the table for further consideration.

On motion of Mr. Lewis, the bill to incorporate the Episcopal Society of Alexandria, was taken up. It underwent considerable discussion—Mr. Montgomery moved to postpone it indefinitely; question lost. Mr. Quincy moved to postpone until Wednesday next. This motion was withdrawn, and the bill passed to a third reading.

Adjourned until Monday.

Grocery Store.

WILLIAM RAMSAY,

As Agent of Elizabeth Potts,

HATH this day opened store on Prince-street, opposite Mr. Marssteller's vendue, where he will continue to sell on same account, a general assortment of GROCERIES—all of which are now offered for sale on moderate terms.

February 9.

3d^o

Alexandria Library Company.

The Members of the Alexandria LIBRARY COMPANY will please to take notice, that an election will be held at the Library, on Monday, 19th instant, between the hours of three and six, p. m. for a President and eleven Directors for the ensuing year.

James Kennedy, sen.

Librarian.

and & d of e

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY, the 15th of this month, will be offered for sale, in the town of Colchester,

A Lot of Ground situate in the upper part of that town, containing half an acre, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable, granary, and other out-houses. This house and lot adjoins the residence of Mr. Samuel Bayly, and was formerly occupied by Mr. Lund Washington, jun. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

J. H. Hooper.

February 10.

TO RENT,

On reasonable terms,

One of the best situations for the FLOOR or any business connected with shipping, in town—where flour or goods of any kind, can be received from the river, and shipped without the expence of drayage.

ALSO TO LET,

A STORE, on King-street, suitable for the Flour and Tobacco and Retail Grocery business.

Enquire of the Printer.

February 12.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a *lapse* of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that noted and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Geddes, whose distinguished abilities as a Publican gave it an eclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitting exertions in affording to all those who may condescend on him the favor of their patronage, genteel and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of conveniences attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description to that portion of travellers who have so generally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brooks.

February 13.

For Rent or Sale,

A Bake-house & Dwelling-house, THAT Bake House and Dwelling House situate at the corner of Water and Gronon streets, at present occupied by Mr. Andrew Jamieson. Possession may be had the first day of January next.

John Dundas.

November 17.

Valuable Property for Sale.

IN pursuance of a deed executed to the subscribers on the 11th day of August, 1808, by the late Robert T. Hooper, Esq., in trust for certain purposes thereby expressed, they will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Coffee House, in the town of Alexandria, on the first Monday in March next, the following valuable Property, viz.

One Lot of Ground in the said town of Alexandria, lying eastward of Union and between Duke and Wolfe streets, with a Wharf extended from the same into the River: This lot fronts feet on the Potomac.

One other Lot, situated on Water street, between Prince and Duke streets, and fronting about 27 feet on Water-street. This lot is handsomely enclosed, and there is a very productive garden upon it.

The undivided Moiety of the following Property, all situated in the said town of Alexandria, to wit—

One Moiety of the Property on which the said R. T. Hooper lately resided situated at the corner of Prince and Water-streets, and fronting feet or thereabouts on Water, and feet on Prince-streets. On this property there are extensive Brick Buildings, forming a large and well finished Dwelling House & three Stores, with all necessary out houses, a pump in the yard and an excellent garden.

A. L. S. O.

The undivided Moiety of a House and Lot situated at the corner of Water and Duke streets, fronting feet on Water, and feet on Duke. This property is subject to an annual ground rent for ever of sixty one and a half dollars.

The whole of the above property except the last is free of encumbrance, and will be shown at any time to such as desire to be informed about it. The sale will be made on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, for approved indorsed notes, negotiable at the bank of Alexandria.

A. L. S. O.

Charles Simms,

Thomas Swann,

R. Harrison.

Nov. 20.

TO BE RENTED,

For one or more years,

That valuable property commonly called Jones's Farm, now occupied by Jason Browning—Also, the Marsh and Hill adjacent. The terms will be made known by Dr. Stephen Cook, near Lessburg, Loudoun county.

The subscriber having been informed that Jason Browning has committed various depredations on the property, that he has sold the stone which surrounded it and the soil itself, gives notice to those who have been engaged in this honorable traffic, that a repetition of it will inevitably subject them to the penalties of the law.

John R. Cooke.

December 14.

GRAND LOTTERY,
Three Prizes of \$5,000 Dollars each.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
Union College Lottery, No. I.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Isaac Dennison,
Benjamin Dewitt, AND
George Merchant, Stephen Thorne.

S C H E M E.

Prizes of	\$25,000	is \$75,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
4 250 Tickets each	7,000	7,000
2	2,000	4,000
5	1,000	5,000
25	500	14,000
30	200	6,000
50	100	5,000
100	50	5,000
200	20	4,000
10,500	30	105,000
10,924 Prizes,	245,000	
24,076 Blanks,		
35,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is	245,000	

Less than 2 1/4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to \$1,000.
1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.
1st do. 20th do. 250 do. from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.
1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive.
1st do. 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dollars.
1st do. 40th do. 1000.
1st do. 45th do. 25,000.

Fi st 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

* Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers), shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question? How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of A the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle A to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,251 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Dec. Term, 1809.

Ordered, that the executors of Wm. Fitzhugh of Chatham, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette. Teste,

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Fitzhugh, Esquire, of Chatham, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to Alexander Moore, Register of Wills of Alexandria, on or before the 23d day of June next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand, this 23d day of December, 1809.

Robert Randolph,
Executor of Wm. Fitzhugh, of Chatham.

To be Rented for a term of years.

THAT valuable tract of Land, called Presio, situate on the Washington and Alexandria turnpike road, at the junction of four mile creek and Potomac river, and distant two miles from Alexandria, three from Washington and five from George town.—There are upon the premises a two story dwelling house, containing six rooms and a passage, with a kitchen, carriage house, stable, &c. a large, handsome and highly matured garden, of at least ten acres, in a high state of cultivation, and lately laid off by an experienced gardener, an orchard containing several hundred pear, plum, cherry and damson trees, with English walnut, quince and mulberry trees, and also upwards of six hundred apple trees, and two or three hundred peach trees, selected with care from the best nurseries; and all in full bearing. The annual average product of the apple orchard alone is estimated at 400 barrels. This tract contains about 100 acres of land, a considerable part whereof has been manured and sown with clover seed. The shores afford fish and wild fowl, and one or two good fishing landings. The situation is healthy, elevated and pleasant, in full view of three towns, and is well calculated for a place of public entertainment. Immediate possession may be had and the terms will be made known upon application to

Frances Alexander.

January 23.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on Friday the 12th inst. a Negro Man slave named BILL—he calls himself Bill Payne, belonging to the subscriber, living in Charles county, state of Maryland. The said slave is a house servant, waits and drives a carriage very well; he is 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, small face, handsome lively eyes, is very fond of strong liquor, plays on the fiddle—had on and took with him one suit of blue mackens, a dark cloth coat and overalls, two jackets of Bennett's cord, two India cotton shirts, one with ruffles, one pair of good boots, one hat half worn, and sundry other wearing apparel, not sufficiently known to be well described. The said slave took a fiddle with him, and it is expected that he intends to go to Frederick Town (Maryland). The above reward will be paid for securing the said slave in any public jail, and reasonable charges if brought to me in Charles county.

Priscilla H. Courts.

January 23. (Feb. 1.)

203w.

For Sale, or Exchange.

THE subscriber offers to sell or exchange for property in the town of Alexandria, 200 acres of Land upon the Great Kanawha river, in the state of Virginia. The land is situated immediately upon the banks of the river and nearly opposite the mouth of Pocotolico creek. It is all bottom, free from ponds, gouts and dashes, and in point of situation as well as quality equal to any lands upon the said river. A more particular description will be given and the terms made known by application to the subscriber who will give an indisputable title.

John D. Simms.

January 23.

3law3w

TO RENT,

A handsome convenient two story Brick Dwelling House, with out houses complete, and garden situate on Park between King and Prince-streets.

A-L S. O.

A convenient two story Frame House on the Mail. Apply to

Isaac Gibson.

January 15.

Public Sale.

ON Saturday the third day of March next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, will be exposed to sale before the door of the Coffee House, the undermentioned valuable Land, in two lots, lying within the limits of the corporation of Alexandria, viz.

Eight acres and 46 perches, or there-by, bounded by Gladens Run, by the lands of Mr. Alexander, col. Peyton, Mr. Sherron and others.

Eight acres known by the name of Parkes' garden, bounded in part by King-street continued, by the property of col. Peyton, Mr. Hooff and the last mentioned lot.

These lots of ground are understood to be perfectly clear of the conflicting claims which have lately been agitated with respect to a part of the land in their vicinity.

A title deed will be made and immediate possession given. The purchaser will be required to give bond for the purchase money, payable by equal portions in one, two, and three years, bearing interest from the date, and a sum retained on the property till payment.

COLIN AULD.

Feb. 5.

For Sale or Hire,

Two smart NEGRO BOYS—the oldest about eighteen, the youngest about twelve years of age—Enquire of the Painter.

January 16.

TO THE PUBLIC

They are affected with Coughs, Colds, Catarrhs, and Consumption.

THERE is perhaps no medical observation better established, nor more generally confirmed by the experience of the best physicians in the greatest countries, and none of more importance to the practitioner than the fact that many of the most difficult and incurable complaints originate in neglected COOLING. In a climate as variable as ours, where the changes of the weather are frequently sudden and unexpected, it requires more care and attention to guard against this subtle and dangerous enemy of life, than most people imagine, or are willing to confess; whence the vast number of patients afflicted with coughs, catarrhs, asthma and consumption. The many cases of the kind which fell under my observation, the appointment I experienced in practice, from remedies highly recommended, and my own pre-disposition to pulmonary complaints were strong inducements for me to consider whether a compound, consisting of mild vegetable substance, could not be invented, more free from the well founded objections of practitioners, and better calculated to avert the threatening destruction of the lungs.

I have the satisfaction to offer to the public such a remedy, under the name of the VEGETABLE PULMONIC DETERGENT, well adapted to various constitutions and habits, and to declare with the fullest confidence that I found this composition far superior to others intended to answer the same purpose. I am perfectly satisfied, that practitioners, who have frequently to combat the effects of suppressed respiration and do not neglect the use of the lancet and other evacuations, whenever they are indicated, will place this medicine on the list of their most favorite remedies; as it can in no case do harm. I will abide by this motto:

NO RELIEF NO PAY.

This motto may be deemed ornamental by some, and amounting to a positiveness that the medicine will invariably effect a cure in any stage of a disease like a miracle; the proprietor is far from believing that this medicine will render mankind immortal; but he is fully sensible if taken seasonably; and according to the directions, it will either prevent or cure; and if unseasonably, it will most sensibly alleviate distress and prolong life; and having no desire to profit by the confidence of the sick and afflicted, induces me to make the above overture. Should the contrary appear in any instance, as in some it possibly may, the money for the medicine will be cheerfully refunded by the person who may vend the same.

GEORGE ROGERS.

N. B. The above named medicine is secured to the subscriber by letters patent from the President of the United States, and prepared at his Dispensary in Northampton, county of Hampshire and state of Massachusetts.

To the Public.

The great benefit which I have experienced from Rogers's Vegetable, &c. and a firm persuasion that it may afford relief to others, induces me to make every laudable exertion for its distribution.

For five years preceding the last of Dec. 1807, in consequence of taking a violent cold I had been afflicted with the asthma, a disorder which I conceived to be hereditary, my father and grandfather both having greatly suffered from it. The disorder increasing rapidly upon me, in the spring of 1807, I consulted Dr C. L. Seeger, but the urgency of his business prevented him from attending at that time, particularly to my case. My business made it necessary for me to leave home and be absent the greater part of summer, which deprived me of the able professional assistance of Dr. Seeger. In September last, a severe cold brought on a violent cough and the disorder assumed an aspect more serious and alarming than at any former period—I was extremely debilitated, emaciated and confined. Such was the irritability of my lungs I was obliged to use the greatest caution in the use of respiration. After a free use of Rogers's Vegetable, &c. for about two months I was perfectly relieved of the dreadful cough which had so long afflicted me, and completely cured of every symptom of the asthma. In short, blessed be God, I have continued in sound health ever since. As these facts may be important to those unfortunate individuals who are suffering from the same disorder, I have been thus particular in their detail. And I do not hesitate to declare my solemn conviction, both from my own experience and observing its effects on others, that Dr. Rogers's V. P. D. is an easy, safe and effectual remedy for coughs and asthmas, and is the greatest antidote to all pulmonary complaints that the world has ever witnessed.

Jacob W. Brewster.

Northampton, January, 1809.

THIS may certify, that about the first of October last, I was attacked with a violent cough, which proceeded, as was the opinion of my physician, who is a man well approved of in his profession, from a bruise which I

received on my left side, a fortnight before. In the course of the Rogers's Pulmonic Detergent, I was very weak and low and took but half the quantity prescribed by his directions. In three days I was much relieved, and in eight days quite cured of the cough.

Moses Parsons, jun.

Northampton, February, 1809.

I James Heaton, also hereby certify, that in the fall of the year 1808, I was seized with a severe cold attended by an obstinate and distressing cough. The violence of my cough soon produced a pain in my side and breast, and frequently spitting of blood, in short, all the horrid symptoms of a consumption were rapidly assailing me. In this situation I was recommended to Dr. George Rogers, who rendered me immediate relief by administering his Vegetable Detergent. I have continued the use of it ever since, and for three months past, though not completely restored to health, I have been able constantly to attend to my business—and I fully believe that my partial restoration has been solely owing (under God) to this valuable medicine.

James Heaton.

To the Public.

In consequence of taking a severe cold in May, 1808 I was seized with a violent pain in my side, attended with a distressing cough, which, although I had the advice and prescriptions of a respectable physician lasted me four weeks, without any alleviation. I then applied to Dr. George Rogers, who administered his Vegetable Pulmonic Detergent, which gave me immediate relief; and in ten days I was entirely freed from the pain in my side and cough.

Charles Chapman.

Northampton, March, 1809.

I ELIJAH NORTON, jun. of Westhampton, in Massachusetts, do certify that in the last year I was attended with a great debility, weakness of the lungs, distressed for breath, and a violent cough, attended with a fever for a number of months; about the 15th of August I began the use of Dr. George Rogers's Vegetable Pulmonic Detergent. I kept in the use of it about three months. Immediately after taking this medicine my cough abated, and I could breathe with more freedom. I would recommend the medicine from my own experience to those who are troubled with a cough, and disorders of the lungs and breasts, and consumptional complaints, and do believe it to be a valuable and useful medicine.

Elijah Norton, jun.

Westhampton, Feb. 21, 1809.

For sale by R. GRAY Bookseller
King street, agent for the proprie, Oc. 1808.

1808m

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land, granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

The Subscriber

Has received the following articles:
New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the first quality
Mississippi Cotton of the first quality
Cognac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland Gin

London Particular Madeira

Sherry

Lisbon

Superior Claret in cases

Imari,

Hyson,